

Leach	Nussle	Skaggs
Lehman	Oberstar	Skeen
Levin	Obey	Skelton
Lewis (GA)	Oliver	Slaughter
Lightfoot	Ortiz	Smith (IA)
Lipinski	Owens	Smith (MI)
Livingston	Pallone	Smith (TX)
Lloyd	Parker	Snowe
Long	Pastor	Spence
Lowe	Payne (VA)	Spratt
Lucas	Pelosi	Stark
Machtley	Peterson (FL)	Stenholm
Maloney	Peterson (MN)	Stokes
Mann	Pickett	Strickland
Manton	Pickle	Studds
Markey	Pomeroy	Stupak
Martinez	Poshard	Swift
Matsui	Price (NC)	Synar
Mazzoli	Quillen	Talent
McCandless	Rahall	Tanner
McCloskey	Ramstad	Tauzin
McCollum	Rangel	Taylor (MS)
McCrery	Ravenel	Tejeda
McDade	Reed	Thomas (CA)
McDermott	Reynolds	Thompson
McHale	Richardson	Thornton
McInnis	Roberts	Thurman
McKeon	Roemer	Torkildsen
McKinney	Ros-Lehtinen	Torres
McMillan	Rose	Torricelli
McNulty	Rostenkowski	Towns
Meehan	Roth	Trafficant
Meek	Roukema	Unsoeld
Menendez	Rowland	Velazquez
Mfume	Roybal-Allard	Vento
Miller (CA)	Rush	Visclosky
Mineta	Sabo	Volkmer
Minge	Sangmeister	Vucanovich
Mink	Sarpalius	Waters
Moakley	Sawyer	Watt
Molinari	Saxton	Waxman
Mollohan	Schaefer	Wheat
Montgomery	Schenk	Whitten
Moorhead	Schiff	Williams
Moran	Schroeder	Wilson
Morella	Schumer	Wise
Murphy	Scott	Woolsey
Murtha	Serrano	Wyden
Myers	Sharp	Wynn
Nadler	Shays	Yates
Neal (MA)	Shepherd	Young (FL)
Neal (NC)	Sisisky	

NAYS—103

Allard	Greenwood	Packard
Baker (LA)	Hancock	Paxon
Ballenger	Hansen	Penny
Barca	Hastert	Petri
Barrett (NE)	Hefley	Pombo
Bartlett	Herger	Porter
Bentley	Hobson	Portman
Boehner	Hoekstra	Pryce (OH)
Bunning	Hoke	Quinn
Burton	Holden	Regula
Camp	Houghton	Rogers
Canady	Inglis	Rohrabacher
Castle	Inhofe	Royce
Clinger	Inslee	Santorum
Coble	Istook	Sensenbrenner
Collins (GA)	Kasich	Shaw
Cooper	Kim	Shuster
Cox	King	Smith (NJ)
Crane	Kingston	Smith (OR)
Crapo	Klug	Solomon
Doolittle	Knollenberg	Stearns
Dreier	Lazio	Stump
Duncan	Levy	Swett
Emerson	Lewis (CA)	Taylor (NC)
Everett	Lewis (FL)	Thomas (WY)
Ewing	Lewis (KY)	Upton
Fawell	Linder	Valentine
Franks (CT)	Manzullo	Walker
Franks (NJ)	Margolies-	Walsh
Galleghy	Mezvinsky	Weldon
Gekas	McHugh	Wolf
Goodlatte	Meyers	Young (AK)
Goodling	Miller (FL)	Zeliff
Goss	Orton	Zimmer
Grams	Oxley	

NOT VOTING—23

Bachus (AL)	Cramer	Payne (NJ)
Becerra	Farr	Ridge
Bevill	Frank (MA)	Sanders
Browder	Gallo	Slattery
Brown (CA)	Hilliard	Sundquist
Callahan	McCurdy	Tucker
Carr	Mica	Washington
Clayton	Michel	

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶120.36 H.R. 5155—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the further unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 5155) to authorize the transfer of naval vessels to certain foreign countries.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, announced that two-thirds of those present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶120.37 H. CON. RES. 302—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the further unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 302) urging the President to promote political stability in Tajikistan through efforts to encourage political resolution of the conflict and respect for human rights and through the provision of humanitarian assistance and, subject to certain conditions, economic assistance.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said concurrent resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, announced that two-thirds of those present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said concurrent resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said concurrent resolution.

¶120.38 H. RES. 561—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the further unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the resolution (H.

Res. 561) expressing the sense of the House of Representatives with respect to the prospects for peace in Northern Ireland.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, announced that two-thirds of those present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶120.39 H. RES. 560—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the further unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the resolution (H. Res. 560) concerning United States support for the new South Africa.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, announced that two-thirds of those present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶120.40 H. CON. RES. 278—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the further unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 278) expressing the sense of the Congress regarding United States policy towards Vietnam.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said concurrent resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, announced that two-thirds of those present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said concurrent resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said concurrent resolution.

¶120.41 H. CON. RES. 216—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I,

announced the further unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 216) expressing the sense of the Congress regarding human rights in Vietnam; as amended.

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said concurrent resolution, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKEY, announced that two-thirds of those present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said concurrent resolution, as amended, was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said concurrent resolution, as amended, was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said concurrent resolution.

¶120.42 H.R. 2826—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKEY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the further unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 2826) to provide for an investigation of the whereabouts of the United States citizens and others who have been missing from Cyprus since 1974.

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said amendment?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKEY, announced that two-thirds of those present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said amendment was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said amendment was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶120.43 H.R. 3485—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKEY, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the further unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 3485) to authorize appropriations for carrying out the Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act of 1977 for fiscal years 1994, 1995, and 1996.

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said amendments?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKEY, announced that two-thirds of those present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said amendments were agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said amendments were agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶120.44 PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKEY, laid before the House a communication, which was read as follows:

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC WORKS AND
TRANSPORTATION,

Washington, DC, September 28, 1994.

Hon. THOMAS S. FOLEY,
Speaker, U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Enclosed are copies of resolutions adopted today by the Committee on Public Works and Transportation. These resolutions authorize studies of potential water resources projects by the Secretary of the Army in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of the Act of March 4, 1913, section 2 of the Act of June 15, 1955, and section 204 of the Flood Control Act of 1970.

Sincerely yours,

NORMAN Y. MINETA,
*Chair, Committee on Public Works
and Transportation.*

The communication, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

¶120.45 PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. VISCLOSKEY, laid before the House a communication, which was read as follows:

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC WORKS AND
TRANSPORTATION,

Washington, DC, September 28, 1994.

Hon. THOMAS S. FOLEY,
Speaker, U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Enclosed are copies of two resolutions adopted today by the Committee on Public Works and Transportation. These resolutions authorize small watershed projects of the Soil Conservation Service in accordance with the provisions of section 2 of the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (Public Law 83-566).

Sincerely yours,

NORMAN Y. MINETA,
*Chair, Committee on Public Works
and Transportation.*

The communication, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

¶120.46 DISINSECTION OF PLANES

On motion of Mr. OBERSTAR, by unanimous consent, the following concurrent resolution of the Senate was taken from the Speaker's table (S. Con. Res. 77):

Whereas the United States has a responsibility to protect the health and safety of United States air travelers in the United States and abroad;

Whereas the United States ended the practice of aircraft cabin disinsection 15 years ago, after determining that the process was ineffective and posed a possible death risk to aircraft passengers;

Whereas 27 countries require disinsection of aircraft cabins by the spraying of an insecticide while passengers are on board the aircraft or by a residual pesticide treatment which is not registered for use in the United States.

Whereas the United States 10,000,000 people fly every year from the United States to countries that require disinsection of aircraft;

Whereas the United States pilots and flight attendants on flights to such countries are repeatedly exposed to the chemicals used in disinsection of aircraft;

Whereas approximately 53,000,000 Americans, more than 20 percent of the population, suffer chronic respiratory problems that put them at special risk to aircraft cabin disinsection procedures;

Whereas no tests have been conducted to determine whether insecticides used for aircraft cabin disinsection are safe for use in unventilated aircraft cabins or for people with chemical sensitivities or breathing conditions;

Whereas there has been a decrease in the number of insecticides registered for aircraft cabin disinsection by the Environmental Protection Agency by reason of the health concerns raised with respect to such insecticides, and there is no indication that insecticides produced in foreign countries which might serve to replace such insecticides present any less threat to health;

Whereas Annex 9 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation, done at Chicago, December 7, 1944, states that "Contracting States shall ensure that their procedures for disinsecting or any other remedial measure are not injurious to the health of passengers and crew and cause the minimum of discomfort to them";

Whereas the Facilitation Division of the International Civil Aviation Organization is scheduled to meet in the Spring of 1995 to discuss changes to the standards set forth in Annex 9 to the Convention; and

Whereas the United States will be a participant at that meeting: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that the United States delegation to the Spring 1995 meeting of the Facilitation Division of the International Civil Aviation Organization—

(1) seek to amend the Convention on International Civil Aviation, done at Chicago, December 7, 1944, to end aircraft disinsection practices that threaten the health of aircraft passengers and crew; and

(2) make every effort to gain the support and cosponsorship of other member nations of the organization of that amendment.

When said concurrent resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said concurrent resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶120.47 SHEEP PRODUCT PROMOTION

On motion of Mr. DE LA GARZA, by unanimous consent, the bill of the Senate (S. 2500) to enable producers and feeders of sheep and importers of sheep and sheep products to develop, finance, and carry out a nationally coordinated program for sheep and sheep product promotion, research, and information, and for other purposes; was taken from the Speaker's table.

When said bill was considered, read twice, ordered to be read a third time, was read a third time by title, and passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.